

Food Borne Bacterial Diseases Due to Consumption of Meat, Fish and Poultry Products

Shymaa Shaltout¹ and Fahim Shaltout²

¹Faculty of Medicine- KasrAlainy, Cairo University, Egypt.

²Food Control Department, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, BenhaUniversity, Benha, Egypt

***Corresponding author:** Fahim Shaltout, Food Control Department, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, BenhaUniversity, Benha, Egypt

Abstract

The food borne Bacterial Diseases due to consumption of the Meat and the Poultry pose significant health risks to consumers worldwide. The consumption of the contaminated animal products can lead to various illnesses, ranging from mild gastrointestinal discomfort to severe, life-threatening conditions. The most common bacterial diseases associated with the consumption of the meat and the poultry, including their sources, transmission routes, symptoms, prevention, and control measures. The understanding these food borne diseases is crucial for ensuring the food safety and the implementing effective preventive strategies to protect the public health.

Keywords: Bacterial diseases, meat, poultry, consumers

Introduction

Foodborne Bacterial Diseases due to consumption of the Meat and the Poultry cause significant risks to the public health. The Salmonellosis, the Campylobacteriosis, the E.coli infections, and the listeriosis are among the most common bacterial diseases associated with these food products (86,87,88,89,90,91,92, and 93). The consumers should be educated about the risks associated with the undercooked or the raw meat and the poultry and encouraged to practice the safe food handling and preparation (1,2,3,4,5 and 6). Additionally, the government regulations and the industry standards play a vital role in ensuring that meat and poultry production facilities adhere to strict hygiene practices and implement effective control measures against the bacterial contamination (7,8,9,10,11 and 12).

The Salmonellosis

Salmonellosis is one of the most prevalent bacterial diseases associated with the meat and the poultry. The Salmonellosis is caused by the Salmonella bacteria, which are commonly found in the intestinal tracts

of the animals (78,79,80,81,82,83,84 and 85). The contamination of the meat and the poultry products can occur during slaughtering and processing, primarily through the fecal contamination. Consuming the undercooked or the raw contaminated meat and the poultry can lead to the salmonellosis in the humans (13, 14,15,16,17 and 18). Symptoms of salmonellosis include diarrhea, the abdominal cramps, the fever, and the vomiting. In severe cases, The Salmonellosis can result in dehydration and hospitalization (70,71,72, 73,74,75,76 and 77).

Prevention and control measures of Salmonellosis involve the proper cooking and handling of the meat and the poultry, the strict hygienic practices during the processing, and the regular monitoring of the production facilities for the Salmonella contamination (19,20,21,22,23 and 24).

The Campylobacteriosis

The Campylobacteriosis is another common bacterial disease associated with the consumption of the contaminated meat and poultry. The Campylobacteriosis is

caused by the *Campylobacter* bacteria, which are often found in the intestines of the animals, particularly the poultry (94,95,96,97,98,99,100,101 and 102). Cross-contamination during the processing and the inadequate cooking are the main sources of the *Campylobacter* contamination in the meat and the poultry products (62,63,64,65, 66,67,68 and 69). The symptoms of the campylobacteriosis include the diarrhea, sometimes bloody, the abdominal pain, the fever, and the nausea. While the most cases are self-limiting, severe infections can occur, especially in the vulnerable populations (103,104,105,106,107, 108, 109 and 110). The preventive measures include thorough cooking of the meat and the poultry, separation of the raw and cooked foods, and the proper sanitation practices in processing facilities (25,26,27,28,29,30 and 31).

The *Escherichiacoli* (*E.coli*) Infections

Certain strains of the *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*), such as *E. coli* O157:H7, are known to cause severe gastrointestinal illnesses in humans. Contamination of the meat and the poultry with *E. coli* can occur during the slaughtering process, primarily due to fecal contamination (54,55,56,57, 58,59,60 and 61).

Consumption of the undercooked or the raw contaminated products can lead to *E. coli* infections. Symptoms of *E. coli* infections include diarrhea (often bloody), abdominal cramps, and sometimes, kidney failure. Preventive measures involve thorough cooking of the meat and poultry, proper hygiene practices during processing, and the proper sanitation of production facilities (32,33,34,35,36,37 and 38).

Listeriosis

Listeriosis is caused by the bacterium *Listeria monocytogenes* and is primarily associated with ready-to-eat meat and poultry products. *Listeria* can contaminate the meat and poultry during the processing, and unlike many other bacteria, *Listeria* can grow at refrigerator temperatures (39,40,41,42,43,44,45 and 46). The Listeriosis can lead to severe symptoms, especially in pregnant women, the elderly, and individuals with weakened

immune systems. Symptoms include fever, muscle aches, nausea, and, in severe cases, meningitis or blood infection (111,112, 113,114, 115 and 116). The preventive measures of the Listeriosis include proper cooking and handling of the meat and the poultry, avoiding cross-contamination, and thorough the sanitation of the processing equipment and the facilities (47,48,49, 50,51,52 and 53).

Conclusion

Food borne Bacterial Diseases due to consumption of the Meat and the Poultry prevention and control measures, such as thorough cooking, the proper sanitation practices, and the adherence to the food safety guidelines, are crucial to minimizing the risk of Food borne Bacterial Diseases due to the consumption of the Meat and the Poultry. By prioritizing the food safety measures at every stage of the supply chain, peoples can reduce the incidence of bacterial diseases in theme at and the poultry, safeguard the public health, and promote safer consumption practices.

References

- [1] Shaltout, F.A., Riad, E.M., and Abou Elhassan, Asmaa, A(2017): prevalence Of Mycobacterium Tuberculosis In Imported cattle Offals And Its lymph Nodes. Veterinary Medical Journal -Giza (VMJG), 63(2): 115 – 122.
- [2] Shaltout, F.A., Riad,E.M., and AsmaaAbou-Elhassan (2017): Prevalence Of Mycobacterium Spp . In Cattle Meat And Offal's Slaughtered In And Out Abattoir. Egyptian Veterinary medical Association, 77(2): 407 – 420.
- [3] Abdelaziz, O., Fatin S. Hassanin, Fahim A. Shaltout and Othman A. Mohamed (2021): Prevalence of Some Foodborne Parasitic Affection in Slaughtered Animals in Local Egyptian Abattoir. Journal of Nutrition Food Science and Technology 2(3): 1-5.
- [4] Abdelaziz, O., Fatin, S Hassanin, Fahim, A Shaltout, Othman, A Mohamed (2021): Prevalence of some zoonotic parasitic affections in sheep carcasses in a local abattoir in Cairo, Egypt. Advances in Nutrition & Food Science 6(2):6(2):25-31.
- [5] Al Shorman,A.A.M. ;Shaltout,F.A. and hilat, N (1999):Detection of certain hormone residues in meat marketed in Jordan.Jordan University of Science and

- Technology, 1st International Conference on Sheep and goat Diseases and Productivity, 23-25 October, 1999.
- [6] EbeedSaleh,Fahim Shaltout , Essam AbdElaal (2021); Effect of some organic acids on microbial quality of dressed cattle carcasses in Damietta abattoirs, Egypt. Damanhour Journal of Veterinary Sciences 5(2): 17-20.
- [7] Edris A, Hassanin,F. S; *Shaltout, F.A., Azza H Elbaba and Nairoz M Adel*(2017): Microbiological Evaluation of Some Heat Treated Fish Products in Egyptian Markets.*ECNutrition*12.3(2017): 124-132.
- [8] Edris,A., Hassan,M.A., Shaltout,F.A. and Elhosseiny, S(2013): Chemical evaluation of cattle and camel meat. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, 24(2): 191-197.
- [9] Edris ,A.M., Hassan,M.A., Shaltout,F.A. and Elhosseiny , S(2012): Detection of E.coli and Salmonella organisms in cattle and camel meat. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, 24(2): 198-204.
- [10] Edris A.M.; Hemmat M. I., Shaltout F.A.; Elshater M.A., Eman F.M.I. (2012): STUDY ON INCIPIENT SPOILAGE OF CHILLED CHICKEN CUTS-UP. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, VOL. 23, NO. 1, JUNE 2012: 81-86.
- [11] Edris A.M.; Hemmat M.I.; Shaltout F.A.; Elshater M.A., Eman, F.M.I. (2012): CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF CHICKEN MEAT WITH RELATION TO ITS QUALITY. BENHAVETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, 23(1): 87-92.
- [12] Edris, A.M.; Shaltout, F.A. and Abd Allah, A.M. (2005): Incidence of Bacillus cereus in some meat products and the effect of cooking on its survival. Zag. Vet. J.33 (2):118-124.
- [13] Edris, A.M.; Shaltout, F.A. and Arab, W.S. (2005): Bacterial Evaluation of Quail Meat. Benha Vet. Med.J.16 (1):1-14.
- [14] Edris, A.M.; Shaltout, F.A. ;Salem, G.H. and El-Toukhy,E.I. (2011): Incidence and isolation of Salmonellae from some meat products.Benha University ,Faculty of Veterinary Medicine , Fourth Scientific Conference 25-27th May 2011Veterinary Medicine and Food Safety) 172-179 benha , Egypt.
- [15] Edris AA, Hassanin,F. S; *Shaltout, F.A., Azza H Elbaba and Nairoz M Adel*.(2017): Microbiological Evaluation of Some Heat Treated Fish Products in Egyptian Markets. *EC Nutrition* 12.3 (2017): 134-142.
- [16] Edris, A.M.; Shaltout, F.A. ;Salem, G.H. and El-Toukhy,E.I. (2011): Plasmid profile analysis of Salmonellae isolated from some meat products. Benha University, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine , Fourth Scientific Conference 25-27th May 2011Veterinary Medicine and Food Safety 194-201 benha , Egypt.
- [17] RagabA ,Abobakr M. Edris, Fahim A.E. Shaltout, Amani M. Salem(2022): Effect of titanium dioxide nanoparticles and thyme essential oil on the quality of the chicken fillet. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL41(2): 38-40.
- [18] Hassan, M.A, Shaltout, F. A, ArfaM.M , Mansour A.H and Saudi, K. R(2013): BIOCHEMICAL STUDIES ON RABBIT MEAT RELATED TO SOME DISEASES. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL 25(1):88-93.
- [19] Hassan, M.A and Shaltout, F.A. (1997): Occurrence of Some Food Poisoning Microorganisms In Rabbit Carcasses Alex.J. Vet.Science, 13(1):55-61.
- [20] Hassan M, Shaltout FA* and Saqur N (2020): Histamine in Some Fish Products. Archives of Animal Husbandry & Dairy Science2(1):1-3.
- [21] Hassan, M.A and Shaltout, F.A. (2004): Comparative Study on Storage Stability of Beef, Chicken meat, and Fish at Chilling Temperature. Alex.J. Vet. Science, 20(21): 21 -30.
- [22] Hassan, M.A ;Shaltout, F.A. ; Arafa ,M.M. ; Mansour , A.H. and Saudi , K.R.(2013): Biochemical studies on rabbit meat related to some diseases. Benha Vet. Med J.25 (1):88-93.
- [23] Hassan, M.A ;Shaltout, F.A. ; Maarouf , A.A. and El-Shafey, W.S.(2014): Psychrotrophic bacteria in frozen fish with special reference to pseudomonas species .Benha Vet. Med.J.27 (1):78-83.
- [24] Hassan, M.A ;Shaltout, F.A. ; Arafa ,M.M. ; Mansour , A.H. and Saudi , K.R.(2013): Bacteriological studies on rabbit meat related to some diseases Benha Vet. Med.J.25 (1):94-99.
- [25] Hassanin, F. S; Hassan,M.A., Shaltout, F.A., Nahla A. Shawqy and 2Ghada A. Abd-Elhameed(2017): Chemical criteria of chicken meat.BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, 33(2):457-464.
- [26] Hassanin,F. S;Hassan,M.A.; Shaltout, F.A. and Elrais-Amina, M(2014): CLOSTRIDIUM PERFRINGENS IN VACUUM PACKAGED MEAT PRODUCTS. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, 26(1):49-53.

- [27] Hassanien, F.S. ;Shaltout, F.A.; Fahmey, M.Z. and Elsukkary, H.F.(2020): Bacteriological quality guides in local and imported beef and their relation to public health. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 39: 125-129.
- [28] Hassanin,F. S; Shaltout,F.A. and , Mostafa E.M(2013):Parasitic affections in edible offal. Benha Vet. Med.J.25 (2):34-39.
- [29] Hassanin, F. S; Shaltout, F.A., Lamada, H.M., Abd Allah, E.M.(2011): THE EFFECT OF PRESERVATIVE (NISIN) ON THE SURVIVAL OF LISTERIA MONOCYTOGENES. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL (2011)-SPECIAL ISSUE [I]: 141-145.
- [30] Khattab, E.,FahimShaltout and Islam Sabik (2021): Hepatitis A virus related to foods. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL 40(1): 174-179.
- [31] Saad M. Saad , Fahim A. Shaltout , Amal A. A. Farag&Hashim F. Mohammed (2022):Organophosphorus Residues in Fish in Rural Areas. Journal of Progress in Engineering and Physical Science 1(1): 27-31.
- [32] Saif,M. , Saad S.M. , Hassanin,F. S;Shaltout FA, Marionette Zaghloul (2019): Molecular detection of enterotoxigenic Staphylococcus aureus in ready-to-eat beef products. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 37 (2019) 7-11.
- [33] Saif,M. , Saad S.M. , Hassanin,F. S;Shaltout, F.A., Marionette Zaghlou (2019); Prevalence of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus in some ready-to-eat meat products. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 37 (2019) 12-15.
- [34] Farag, A. A., Saad M. Saad¹, Fahim A. Shaltout¹, Hashim F. Mohammed(2023 a):Studies on Pesticides Residues in Fish in Menofia Governorate.Benha Journal of Applied Sciences ,8(5): 323-330.
- [35] Farag, A. A., Saad M. Saad¹, Fahim A. Shaltout¹, Hashim F. Mohammed(2023 b): Organochlorine Residues in Fish in Rural Areas.Benha Journal of Applied Sciences ,8 (5): 331-336.
- [36] Shaltout, F.A., Mona N. Hussein, Nada Kh. Elsayed (2023): Histological Detection of Unauthorized Herbal and Animal Contents in Some Meat Products. Journal of Advanced Veterinary Research 13(2): 157-160.
- [37] Shaltout, F. A. ,Heikal, G. I. , Ghanem, A. M.(2022): Mycological quality of some chicken meat cuts in Gharbiya governorate with special reference to Aspergillusflavus virulent factors. benhaveteriv medical journal veterinary 42(1): 12-16.
- [38] Shaltout, F.A., Ramadan M. Salem, Eman M. Eldiasty, Fatma A. Diab (2022): Seasonal Impact on the Prevalence of Yeast Contamination of Chicken Meat Products and Edible Giblets. Journal of Advanced Veterinary Research 12(5): 641-644.
- [39] Shaltout, F.A.,Abdelazez Ahmed Helmy Barr and Mohamed Elsayed Abdelaziz(2022): Pathogenic Microorganisms in Meat Products. Biomedical Journal of Scientific & Technical Research 41(4): 32836-32843.
- [40] Shaltout, F.A., Thabet, M.G. and Koura, H.A. (2017). Impact of Some Essential Oils on the Quality Aspect and Shelf Life of Meat. J Nutr Food Sci., 7: 647.
- [41] Shaltout, F.A.,, Islam Z. Mohammed², El - Sayed A. Afify(2020): Bacteriological profile of some raw chicken meat cuts in Ismailia city, Egypt.Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 39 (2020) 11-15.
- [42] Shaltout, F.A.,Islam, Z. Mohammed², El - Sayed A. Afify(2020): Detection of E. coli O157 and Salmonella species in some raw chicken meat cuts in Ismailia province, Egypt. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 39 (2020) 101-104.
- [43] Shaltout, F.A.,E.M. El-diastry and M. A. Asmaa- Hassan (2020): HYGIENIC QUALITY OF READY TO EAT COOKED MEAT IN RESTAURANTS AT Cairo. Journal of Global Biosciences 8(12): 6627-6641..
- [44] Shaltout, F.A.,Marrionet Z. Nasief , L. M. Lotfy, Bossi T. Gamil(2019): Microbiological status of chicken cuts and its products. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 37 (2019) 57-63.
- [45] Shaltout, F.A.(2019): Poultry Meat. Scholarly Journal of Food and Nutrition 22 1-2..
- [46] Shaltout, F.A.(2019): Food Hygiene and Control. Food Science and Nutrition Technology 4(5): 1-2.
- [47] Hassanin,F. S;Shaltout, F.A.,Seham N. Homouda and Safaa M. Arakeeb(2019): Natural preservatives in raw chicken meat. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 37 (2019) 41-45.
- [48] Hazaa,W. , Shaltout, F.A., Mohamed El-Shate(2019): Prevalence of some chemical hazards in some meat products. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 37 (2) 32-36.
- [49] Hazaa,W, Shaltout, F.A., Mohamed El-Shater(2019): Identification of Some

- Biological Hazards in Some Meat Products. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 37 (2) 27-31.
- [50] Gaafar,R., Hassanin,F. S.;Shaltout, F.A., Marionette Zaghloul (2019): Molecular detection of enterotoxigenic *Staphylococcus aureus* in some ready to eat meat-based sandwiches. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 37 (2) 22-26.
- [51] Gaafar,R., Hassanin,F. S.;Shaltout, F.A., Marionette Zaghloul(2019): Hygienic profile of some ready to eat meat product sandwiches sold in Benha city, Qalubiya Governorate, Egypt. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 37 (2) 16-21.
- [52] Saad S.M., Shaltout, F.A., Nahla A AbouElroos, Saber B El-nahas(2019) : Antimicrobial Effect of Some Essential Oils on Some Pathogenic Bacteria in Minced Meat. J Food SciNutr Res. 2019; 2 (1): 012-020.
- [53] Saad S.M. ,Shaltout, F.A., Nahla A Abou Elroos2 and Saber B El-nahas(2019): Incidence of *Staphylococci* and *E. coli* in Meat and Some Meat Products. *EC Nutrition* 14.6 (2019).
- [54] Saad S.M. ,Hassanin,F. S. ;Shaltout, F.A., Marionette Z Nassif, Marwa Z Seif.(2019: Prevalence of Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus Aureus* in Some Ready-to-Eat Meat Products. American Journal of Biomedical Science &Research4(6):460-464.
- [55] Shaltout, Fahim(2019): Pollution of Chicken Meat and Its Products by Heavy Metals. Research and Reviews on Healthcare: Open Access Journal, 4, 3(381-3382).
- [56] Shaltout, F. A.; E.M EL-diasty; M. S. M Mohamed (2018): Effects of chitosan on quality attributes fresh meat slices stored at 4 C. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, VOL. 35, NO. 2: 157-168.
- [57] Shaltout and Abdel-Aziz, 2004: *Salmonella enterica* serovarEnteritidis in poultry meat and their epidemiology. Vet. Med. J. Giza, 52 (2004), pp. 429-436.
- [58] Shaltout, F.A., Hala F El-Shorah, Dina I El Zahaby, Lamiaa M Lotfy(2018):Bacteriological Profile of Chicken Meat Products. SciFed Food & Dairy Technology Journal, 2:3.
- [59] Shaltout, F.A., Mohamed, A.H. El-Shater ., Wafaa Mohamed Abd El-Aziz(2015): Bacteriological assessment of Street Vended Meat Products sandwiches in kalyobia Governorate. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, 28(2:)58-66,
- [60] Shaltout, F.A., Mohamed A El shatter and Heba M Fahim(2019): Studies on Antibiotic Residues in Beef and Effect of Cooking and Freezing on Antibiotic Residues Beef Samples. Scholarly Journal of Food and Nutritionm 2(1) 1-4
- [61] Shaltout FA, Zakaria IM and Nabil ME.(2018): Incidence of Some Anaerobic Bacteria Isolated from Chicken Meat Products with Special Reference to *Clostridium perfringens*. *Nutrition and Food Toxicology* 2.5 (2018): 429-438.
- [62] Shaltout FA, Ahmed A AMAarouf and Mahmoud ES Elkhoully. (2017): Bacteriological Evaluation of Frozen Sausage. *Nutrition and Food Toxicology* 1.5 ; 174-185.
- [63] Shaltout FA, El-Toukhy El and Abd El-Hai MM.(2019):Molecular Diagnosis of *Salmonellae* in Frozen Meat and Some Meat Products. *Nutrition and Food Technology Open Access* 5(1): 1-6.
- [64] Shaltout, F.A., A.M.Ali and S.M.Rashad (2016): Bacterial Contamination of Fast Foods.Benha Journal of Applied Sciences (BJAS) 1 (2)45-51.
- [65] Shaltout, F.A., Zakaria. I. M. ,JehanEltanani , Asmaa . Elmelegy(2015): Microbiological status of meat and chicken received to University student hostel. BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, 29(2):187-192, DECEMBER, 2015.
- [66] Saad,S.M.;Edris, A.M.; Shaltout,F.A. and Edris, Shimaa(2012): Isolation and identification of salmonellae and *E.coli* from meat and poultry cuts by using A.multiplex PCR. Benha Vet. Med.J.special issue 16-26.
- [67] Saad, S.M. and Shaltout, F.A.(1998):Mycological Evaluation of camel carcasses at Kalyobia Abattoirs. Vet.Med.J. Giza,46(3):223-229.
- [68] Saad S.M., Shaltout, F.A., Nahla A AbouElroos, Saber B El-nahas. 2019: Antimicrobial Effect of Some Essential Oils on Some Pathogenic Bacteria in Minced Meat. J Food SciNutr Res. 2019; 2 (1): 012-020.
- [69] Saad S.M. ,Hassanin,F. S.;Shaltout, F.A., Marionette Z Nassif, Marwa Z Seif. (2019): Prevalence of Methicillin-Resistant *Staphylococcus Aureus* in Some Ready-to-Eat Meat Products. American Journal of Biomedical Science & Research 4(6):460-464.
- [70] Saad S.M., Shaltout, F.A., Nahla A Abou Elroos and Saber B El-nahas. (2019): Incidence of *Staphylococci* and *E. coli* in

- Meat and Some Meat Products. *EC Nutrition* 14.6 (2019).
- [71] Shaltout FA, Riad EM, TES Ahmed and AbouElhassan A.(2017): Studying the Effect of Gamma Irradiation on Bovine Offal's Infected with *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* Bovine Type. *Journal of Food Biotechnology Research* 1 (6): 1-5.
- [72] Shaltout FA, Zakaria IM and Nabil ME.(2018): Incidence of Some Anaerobic Bacteria Isolated from Chicken Meat Products with Special Reference to *Clostridium perfringens*. *Nutrition and Food Toxicology* 2.5 (2018): 429-438.
- [73] Shaltout FA, Mohamed, A.Hassan and Hassanin, F. S(2004): THERMAL INACTIVATION OF Enterohaemorrhagic Escherichia COLI O157:H7 AND ITS SENSITIVITY TO NISIN AND LACTIC ACID CULTURES. *1st Ann. Confr. , FVM, Moshtohor, Sept, 2004*.
- [74] Shaltout FA, El-diasty, E.M. ;Elmesalamy, M. and Elshaer, M.(2014): Study on fungal contamination of some chicken meat products with special reference to 2 the use of PCR for its identification . Conference, *Veterinary Medical Journal – Giza vol. December 2014/12/17 vol.60: 1-10*.
- [75] shaltout, F.A.(2002): Microbiological Aspects of Semi-cooked chicken Meat Products. *Benha Veterinary Medical Journal* 13,2,: 15-26.
- [76] Shaltout FA, Thabet, M.G2 and Hanan, A. Koura3. (2017): Impact of some essential oils on the quality aspect and shelf life of meat.BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL, 33, (2): 351-364.
- [77] Shaltout FA, Mohammed Farouk; Hosam A.A. Ibrahim and Mostafa E.M. Afifi4.2017: Incidence of Coliform and Staphylococcus aureus in ready to eat fast foods. *BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL*, 32(1): 13 - 17, MARCH, 2017.
- [78] Shaltout, F.A., Zakaria, I.M., Nabil, M.E.(2017): Detection and typing of *Clostridium perfringens* in some retail chicken meat products.BENHA VETERINARY MEDICAL JOURNAL,. 33(2) :283-291.
- [79] Shaltout, F.A.(1992): Studies on Mycotoxins in Meat and Meat by Products. M.V.Sc Thesis Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Moshtohor,Zagazig University Benha branch.
- [80] Shaltout, F.A. (1996): Mycological And Mycotoxicological profile Of Some Meat products. Ph.D. Thesis, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Moshtohor, Zagazig University Benha branch.
- [81] Shaltout, F.A. (1998): Proteolytic Psychrotrophes in Some Meat products. *Alex. Vet. Med. J.* 14 (2):97-107.
- [82] Shaltout, F.A.(1999): Anaerobic Bacteria in Vacuum Packed Meat Products. *Benha Vet. Med.J.* 10 (1):1-10.
- [83] Shaltout, F.A.(2001): Quality evaluation of sheep carcasses slaughtered at Kalyobia abattoirs. *Assiut Veterinary Medical Journal*, 46(91):150-159.
- [84] Shaltout, F.A.(2002): Microbiological Aspects of Semi-cooked Chicken Meat Products. *BenhaVet.Med.J.* 13(2):15-26.
- [85] Shaltout, F.A. (2003): *Yersinia Enterocolitica* in some meat products and fish marketed at Benhacity.The Third international conference Mansoura 29-30 April.
- [86] Shaltout, F.A.(2009):Microbiological quality of chicken carcasses at modern Poultry plant. The 3rd Scientific Conference, Faculty of Vet. Med., Benha University, 1-3 january.
- [87] Shaltout,F.A. and Abdel Aziz ,A.M.(2004): Salmonella enteric Serovar Enteritidis in Poultry Meat and their Epidemiology .*Vet.Med.J.,Giza*,52(3):429-436.
- [88] Shaltout,F.A. and Abdel Aziz ,A.M.(2004): ESCHERICHIA COLI STRAINS IN SLAUGHTERED ANIMALS AND THEIR PUBLIC HEALTH IMPORTENCE .*J.Egypt. Vet. Med. Association* 64(2):7-21.
- [89] Shaltout,F.A., Amin, R., Marionet , Z., Nassif and Shimaa, Abdel-wahab(2014): Detection of aflatoxins in some meat products. *Benha veterinary medical journal , 27(2) :368-374*.
- [90] Shaltout,F.A. and Afify , JehanRiad,EM and Abo Elhasan, Asmaa,A.(2012): Improvement of microbiological status of oriental sausage. *Journal of Egyptian Veterinary Medical Association* 72(2): 157-167.
- [91] Shaltout,F.A. and Daoud, J. R.(1996): Chemical analytical studies on rabbit meat and liver. *Benha Vet. Med.J.* 8 (2):17-27.
- [92] Shaltout,F.A. and Edris, A.M.(1999): Contamination of shawerma with pathogenic yeasts. *Assiut Veterinary Medical Journal*,40(64):34-39.
- [93] Shaltout, F. A. ;Eldiasty , E. and Mohamed , M.S.(2014): Incidence of lipolytic and proteolytic fungi in some chicken meat products and their public health significance. *Animal Health Research Institute : First International Conference on Food Safety and Technology 19-23 June 2014 Cairo Egypt pages 79-89*.

- [94] Shaltout, F.A.; Eldiasty, E. ; Salem, R. and Hassan, Asmaa (2016): Mycological quality of chicken carcasses and extending shelf - life by using preservatives at refrigerated storage. Veterinary Medical Journal -Giza (VMJG) 62(3)1-7.
- [95] Shaltout, F.A.; Salem, R. Eldiasty, E. ; and Diab, Fatema. (2016): Mycological evaluation of some ready to eat meat products with special reference to molecular chacterization. Veterinary Medical Journal -Giza 62(3)9-14.
- [96] Shaltout, F. A. ;Elshater , M. and Wafaa , Abdelaziz (2015): Bacteriological assessment of street vended meat products sandwiches in Kalyobia Governorate. Benha Vet. Med.J.28 (2):58-66.
- [97] Shaltout, F. A. ;Gerges, M.T. and Shewail, A.A.(2018):Impact of Organic Acids and Their Salts on Microbial Quality and Shelf Life of Beef. Assiut veterinary medical journal 64(159): 164-177
- [98] Shaltout,F.A.;Ghoneim, A.M.; Essmail, M.E. and Yousseif ,A.(2001): Studies on aflatoxin B1 residues in rabbits and their pathological effects. J.Egypt. Vet. Med. Association 61(2):85-103.
- [99] Shaltout, F.A. and Hashim, M.F. (2002): Histamine in salted, Smoked and Canned Fish products. Benha Vet. Med.J.13 (1):1-11.
- [100] Shaltout,F.A. ;Hashim,M.F. and Elnahas, s.(2015): Levels of some heavy metals in fish (tilapia nilotica and Claris lazera) at Menufia Governorate. Benha Vet. Med.J. 29 (1):56-64.
- [101] Shaltout,F.A. and Ibrahim, H.M.(1997): Quality evaluation of luncheon and Alexandrian sausage. Benha Vet. Med.J.10 (1):1-10.
- [102] Shaltout, F.A. ;Nassif, M and Shakran , A(2014): Quality of battered and breaded chicken meat products. Global Journal of Agriculture and Food Safety Science –1(2) ISSN 2356-7775.
- [103] Shaltout, F.A., Amani M. Salem, A. H. Mahmoud, K. A(2013): Bacterial aspect of cooked meat and offal at street vendors level.Benha veterinary medical journal, 24(1): 320-328.
- [104] Shaltout, F.A. and Salem, R.M.(2000): Moulds, aflatoxin B1 and Ochratoxin A in Frozen Livers and meat products.Vet . Med. J.Giza 48(3):341-346.
- [105] Yasser H. Al-Tarazi, A. Al-Zamil, Shaltout FA. and H. Abdel- Samei (2002). Microbiological status of raw cow milk marketed in northern Jordan. AVMJ Volume 49 Issue 96 Pages 180-194
- [106] Shaltout FA, Zakaria IM and Nabil ME.(2018):Incidence of Some Anaerobic Bacteria Isolated from Chicken Meat Products with Special Reference to Clostridium perfringens. Nutrition and Food Toxicology2(5):429-438.
- [107] Shaltout, F. A.; El-diasty, E.M. and Mohamed, M. S.(2014): Incidence of lipolytic and proteolytic fungi in some chicken meat products and their public health significance. 1st Scientific conference of food safety and Technology .2014, pp. 79-89.
- [108] Shaltout, F. A.; El-diasty, E.M.; Salem, R. M. and Asmaa, M. A. Hassan. 2016: Mycological quality of chicken carcasses and extending shelf -life by using preservatives at refrigerated storage. Veterinary Medical Journal – Giza ,62(3) :1-10.
- [109] Shaltout FA, R.M. Salem, E.M. El-Diasty and W.I.M. Hassan. 2019: *Effect of Lemon Fruits and Turmeric Extracts on Fungal Pathogens in Refrigerated Chicken Fillet Meat*. Global Veterinaria 21 (3): 156-160,
- [110] Shaltout FA, El-diasty, E.M. ;Elmesalamy, M. and Elshaer, M.(2014): Study on fungal contamination of some chicken meat products with special reference to 2 the use of PCR for its identification. Conference, Veterinary Medical Journal – Giza vol. December 2014/12/17 vol.60 1-10.
- [111] Shaltout, F. A.; Salem, R. M; El-diasty, Emanand Fatema, A.H. Diab. (2016): Mycological evaluation of some ready to eat meat products with special reference to molecular characterization. Veterinary Medical Journal – Giza. 62(3): 9-14.
- [112] Shaltout ,F.A.; Hanan M. Lamada , Ehsan A.M. Edris.(2020): Bacteriological examination of some ready to eat meat and chicken meals. Biomed J Sci& Tech Res., 27(1): 20461- 20465.
- [113] Sobhy, Asmaa and Shaltout, Fahim(2020): Prevalence of some food poisoning bacteria in semi cooked chicken meat products at Qaliubiya governorate by recent Vitek 2 compact and PCR techniques. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 38 (2020) 88-92.
- [114] Sobhy, Asmaa and Shaltout, Fahim(2020): Detection of food poisoning bacteria in some semi-cooked chicken meat products marketed at Qaliubiya governorate. Benha Veterinary Medical Journal 38 (2020) 93-96.

Food Borne Bacterial Diseases Due to Consumption of Meat, Fish and Poultry Products

[115] Shaltout, F.A.(2024): Abattoir And Bovine Tuberculosis as A Reemerging Foodborne Diseases. Clinical Medical Reviews and Report6(1):1-7.

[116] Shaltout, F.A.(2023): Viruses in Beef, Mutton, Chevron, Venison, Fish and Poultry Meat Products.Food Science & Nutrition Technology 8(4):1-10.

Citation: Shymaa Shaltout and Fahim Shaltout, (2024), "Food Borne Bacterial Diseases Due to Consumption of Meat, Fish and Poultry Products", Arch Health Sci; 8(1): 1-8.

DOI: 10.31829/2641-7456/ahs2024-8(1)-004

Copyright: © 2024 Shymaa Shaltout and Fahim Shaltout, This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.